REMARKS

<u>AMENDMENTS</u>

Claims 1-3, 8, 14-17, 20, and 22-23 are amended herein. The amendments introduce no new matter and place the claims in *prima facie* condition for allowance. Accordingly, applicants respectfully request that they be entered and that the case be passed to allowance.

REJECTION UNDER 35 USC §112, ¶2

The examiner maintains rejection of claim 22 under 35 USC §112, ¶2 for indefiniteness. Applicants again point out that the claim is drawn to compositions comprising an active ingredient mixed with conventional crop protection auxiliaries. No improper "use" is recited, as the adjectival phrase "which are conventionally used for formulating crop protection agents" simply modifies the noun "auxiliaries." However, in order that the examiner may be entirely certain of this fact, applicants have amended claims 22 and 23 to place the modifying phrase in compound adjective form, now preceding the noun "auxiliaries."

REJECTION UNDER 35 USC §112, ¶1

The examiner also maintains rejection of claims 1-12 and 14-24 under 35 USC §112, ¶1 for lack of enablement. It is the examiner's stated opinion that the specification "does not provide enablement for 3 cyanos, nitros or other electron

withdrawing groups on R¹ equal to phenoxy in the ortho position," or where R¹, R⁵, and R³-R⁰ include a heterocyclyl radical. Though applicants remain convinced that one of skill in the art would find ample support in the present specification to make and use the entire range of compounds as originally claimed, to speed prosecution, the claims have been amended to accommodate the examiner's views. These amendments should not in any way be viewed as acquiescence in the examiner's considered opinion.

The claims are amended to remove the possibility for phenoxy to be substituted by more than two electron withdrawing groups, and to remove all heterocyclic radicals from R⁵ and R⁷-R⁹. Accordingly, the examiner's concerns on the issue of enablement should be met, and per the examiner's view, the claims are now in condition for allowance.

CONCLUSION

In view of the accompanying amendments and remarks, applicants consider that the rejections of record have been obviated and respectfully solicit passage of the application to issue.

Please find attached a check to cover the \$950.00 three month extension fee.

Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including Extension of Time fees to Deposit Account No. 11-0345. Please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted, KEIL & WEINKAUF

David C. Liechty Reg. No. 48,692

1350 Connecticut Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036 (202)659-0100

DCL/kas

COPY OF ALL CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I

where:

R¹ is hydrogen, nitro, halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxyiminomethyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, N-(C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, N-(C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl,

N, N-di-(C₁-C₆-alkyl) aminosulfonyl,

N-(C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl)amino,

 $N-(C_1-C_6-haloalkylsulfonyl)amino,$

 $N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-alkylsulfonyl)amino,\\$

N-(C₁-C₆--alkyl)-N-(C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl)amino,

phenoxy, heterocyclyloxy, phenylthio or heterocyclylthio, it being possible for the four last-mentioned radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to two of the following one to three of the following substituents:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl,

 C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

R², R³ are hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl or halogen;

R4 is a compound IIa or IIb

(R⁶)₁

where

IIa

11b

is halogen, OR⁷, SR⁷, SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, OSO₂R⁸, POR⁸R⁹, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹, OPSR⁸R⁹, NR¹⁰R¹¹, ONR¹¹R¹², N-linked heterocyclyl or O-(N-linked heterocyclyl), it being possible for the heterocyclyl radical of the two last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

R⁶ is nitro, halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy)methyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkylthio)methyl, $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy) $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkylthio)methyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyloxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxycarbonyl;

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form an -O-(CH_2)_m-O-, -O-(CH_2)_m-S-, -S-(CH_2)_m-S-, -O-(CH_2)_n- or -S-(CH_2)_n chain which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three radicals from the following group: halogen, cyano, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$;

or

alkoxycarbonyl;

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form a -(CH_2)_p chain which possibly is interrupted by oxygen or sulfur and/or is unsubstituted or substituted by one to four radicals from the following group: halogen, cyano, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{-}\text{haloalkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{-}$

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form a methylidene group which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or two radicals from the following group: halogen, hydroxyl, formyl, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl;

or

two radicals, which are linked to the same carbon, together with this carbon form a carbonyl group;

or

two radicals , which are linked to different carbons, together form a $-(CH_2)_n$ chain which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three radicals from the following group: halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, hydroxyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁷ is C_1 - C_6 ,-alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cyloalkyl, C_1 - C_2 0-alkylcarbonyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -cyloalkylcarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxycarbonyl,

```
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyloxycarbonyl,
(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkylthio)carbonyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenylaminocarbonyl,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylaminocarbonyl,
N,N-di-(C₁-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl)aminocarbonyl,
N-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl)-N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl) aminocarbonyl,
N-(C_3-C_6-alkynyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl) aminocarbonyl,
N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy)-
N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl) aminocarbonyl, N-(C_3-C_6-alkenyl)-
N-(C_1-C_6-alkoxy) aminocarbonyl, N-(C_3-C_6-alkynyl)-
N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy ) aminocarbonyl, di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl )-
aminothiocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,
C_1-C_6-alkoxyimino-C_1-C_6-alkyl,
N-( C₁-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino ) imino-C₁-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or
N,N-di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino)imino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, it being possible for
the above-mentioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxy radicals to be partially or
fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following groups:
cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>- alkyl )amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-
alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-
alkoxycarbonyl, di-(C_1-C_2-alkyl)amino-C_1-C_2-alkoxycarbonyl,
hydroxycarbonyl, C_1-C_4-alkylaminocarbonyl, di-(C_1-C_4-
alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy or C<sub>3</sub>-
C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl;
phenyl, phenyl-C₁-C6-alkyl, phenylcarbonyl-C₁-C6-alkyl,
phenylcarbonyl, phenoxycarbonyl, phenoxythiocarbonyl, phenoxy-
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl)-N-
(phenyl)aminocarbonyl, or phenyl-C2-C6-alkenylcarbonyl, it being
```

possible for the phenyl radical of the 10 last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -halogenalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

 R^8, R^9 are C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl) amino, it being possible for the abovementioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxy radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following groups: cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) amino, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl) aminocarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)

phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy, heterocyclyloxy, it being possible for the phenyl and the heterocyclyl radical of the last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkoxyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkoxyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkoxyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyloxyl, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)amino or C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonylamino, where the abovementioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxylradicals may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three radicals from the following group:

cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)amino- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylaminocarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyloxy or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl;

phenyl, or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where the phenyl radical of the two last-mentioned substituents may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where the phenyl or heterocyclyl radical of the four last-mentioned substituents may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three of the

following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

 R^{11} , R^{12} are C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl;

is 0 to 6;

m is 2 to 4;

n is 1 to 5;

p is 2 to 5;

and their agriculturally useful salts.

- 2. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where
 - is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, heterocyclyloxy or phenylthio, it being possible for the two last-mentioned radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to <u>carry one to two carry one to three</u> of the substituents mentioned below:

 nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;
 - is halogen, OR⁷, SR⁷, SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, OSO₂R⁸, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹

 OPSR⁸R⁹, NR¹⁰R¹¹ or N-bonded heterocyclyl, which is unsubstituted or partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy.

- 3. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim I, where
 - R⁵ is halogen, OR⁷, NR¹⁰R¹¹ or N-bonded heterocyclyl which is unsubstituted

. . . .

or partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, G_1 - G_4 -alkyl, G_1 - G_4 -haloalkyl, G_4 - G_4 -alkoxy or G_4 -haloalkoxy.

- (previously presented) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, where
 - R^7 is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, $(C_1$ - C_{20} -alkylthio)carbonyl, N_1 -di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl or phenoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the three last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;
 - R^{10} is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy;
 - R^{11} is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl.
- 5. (previously presented) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, where
 - is nitro, halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy)methyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkylthio)methyl, $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy) $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkylthio)-methyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyloxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxycarbonyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxycarbonyl;

, y ,

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form an -O-($\mathrm{CH_2}$)_m-O-, -O-($\mathrm{CH_2}$)_m-S-, -S-($\mathrm{CH_2}$)_m-S-, -O-($\mathrm{CH_2}$)_n- or -S-($\mathrm{CH_2}$)_n chain which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three radicals from the following group :

halogen, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl;

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form a $-(CH_2)_p$ chain which possibly is interrupted by oxygen or sulfur and which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to four radicals from the following group :

halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl ; or

two radicals, which are linked to the same carbon, together with this carbon form a carbonyl group.

 (previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where R⁵ = halogen, which comprises reacting a cyclohexanedione derivative of the formula III,

$$(R^6)_1$$
 Q
 Q
 R^3
 R^7
 R^7
 R^7

where the variables R¹ to R³, and I are each as defined in claim 1, with a halogenating agent.

7. (previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as

claimed in claim 1 where R⁵ = OR⁷, OSO₂R⁸, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹ or OPSR⁸R⁹, which comprises reacting a cyclohexanedione derivative of the formula III,

$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{Q} Q \xrightarrow{R^3} R^7$$
III

where the variables R^1 to R^3 , and I are each as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula $IV\alpha$, $IV\beta$, $IV\gamma$, $Iv\delta$ or $IV\varepsilon$,

$$L^1-R^7$$
 L^1-SO_2 R^8 $L^1-PR^8R^9$ $L^1-POR^8R^9$ $L^1-PSR^8R^9$ (IV α) (IV β) (IV γ) (IV δ) (IV ϵ)

where the variables R⁷ to R⁹ are each as defined in claim 1 and L¹ is a nucleophilically replaceable leaving group.

8. (currently amended) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where R⁵ = OR⁷, SR⁷, POR⁸R⁹, NR¹⁰R¹¹, ONR¹¹R¹², or N-linked heterocyclyl N-linked heterocyclyl or O-(N-linked heterocyclyl), which comprises reacting a compound of the formula I α (≡ I where R⁵ = halogen, OSO₂R⁸),

$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^3} \mathbb{R}^2$$
and/or
$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^5} \mathbb{R}^3$$

I where R⁵= halogen or OSO₂R8

where the variables R^1 to R^3 , R^6 and I are each as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula $V\alpha,V\beta,V\gamma,V\delta,V\varepsilon,V\eta,V\vartheta$,

HOR ⁷	HSR ⁷	HPOR8R9	HNR ¹⁰ R ¹¹	HONR ¹¹ R ¹²
(Va)	(Vβ)	(Vy)	(Vδ)	$(V\varepsilon)$
	H(N-linked		H(ON-linked	
	heterocyclyl)		heterocyclyl)	
	Vη		∨0	

where the variables R⁷ to R¹² are each as defined in claim 1, if appropriate in the presence of a base.

(previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, where R⁵ = SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, which comprises reacting a compound of the formula Iβ (≡I where R⁵ = SR⁸),

$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{R^3} R^2$$
and/or
$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{R^5} R^3$$

I where R5= SR8

where the variables R¹ to R⁸ and I are each as defined in claim 1, with an oxidizing agent.

- 10. (previously presented) A composition, comprising a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I as claimed in claim 1 and auxiliaries which are conventionally used for formulating crop protection agents.
- 11. (previously presented) A process for preparing a composition as claimed in claim

- 10, which comprises mixing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I and auxiliaries which are conventionally used for formulating crop protection agents.
- 12. (previously presented) A method for controlling undesirable vegetation, which comprises allowing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I as claimed in claim 1 to act on plants, their habitat and/or on seeds.
- 13. (canceled)
- 14. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I

$$R^4$$
 R^1
 R^2

where:

 $\label{eq:R1} \textbf{R}^1 \qquad \text{is hydrogen, nitro, halogen, cyano, C_1-C_6-alkyl, C_1-C_6-haloalkyl, C_1-C_6-alkoxy, C_1-C_6-haloalkoxy, C_1-C_6-alkylthio, C_1-C_6-haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1-C_6-haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1-C_6-alkylsulfonyl, C_1-C_6-haloalkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, N-$($C_1$-$C_6$-alkyl)aminosulfonyl, C_1-C_6-alkyl)aminosulfonyl, C_1-C_6-alkyl)aminosulfonyl, C_1-C_6-alkyl$

1

N, N-di-(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl) aminosulfonyl , N-(C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl)amino,

1.1.4

N-(C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl)amino,

 $N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-alkylsulfonyl)amino,$

 $N-(C_1-C_6--alkyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-haloalkylsulfonyl)amino,$

phenoxy, heterocyclyloxy, phenylthio or heterocyclylthio, it being possible for the four last-mentioned radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to two one to three of the following substituents : nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl,

 C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

R², R³ are hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl or halogen;

R⁴ is a compound IIa

where

is halogen, OR⁷, SR⁷, SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, OSO₂R⁸, POR⁸R⁹, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹, OPSR⁸R⁹, NR¹⁰R¹¹, ONR¹¹R¹², N-linked heterocyclyl or O-(N-linked heterocyclyl), it being possible for the heterocyclyl radical of the two last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C₁-G₄-alkyl, G₁-G₄-haloalkyl, G₁-G₄-alkoxy or G₁-G₄-haloalkoxy;

R⁶ is nitro, halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy)methyl, $di-(C_1$ - C_6 -alkylthio)methyl, $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkoxy)(C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio)methyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyloxy, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl,

 C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxycarbonyl;

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form an -O-(CH_2)_m-O-, -O-(CH_2)_m-S-, -S-(CH_2)_m-S-, -O-(CH_2)_n- or -S-(CH_2)_n chain which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three radicals from the following group: halogen, cyano, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$; alkoxycarbonyl;

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form a -(CH_2)_p chain which possibly is interrupted by oxygen or sulfur and/or is unsubstituted or substituted by one to four radicals from the following group: halogen, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl;

or

two radicals , which are linked to the same carbon, together form a methylidene group which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or two radicals from the following group: halogen, hydroxyl, formyl, cyano, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl;

or

two radicals, which are linked to the same carbon, together with this carbon form a carbonyl group;

or

two radicals , which are linked to different carbons, together form a $-(CH_2)_n$ chain which is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three radicals from the following group: halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, hydroxyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

```
R^7
          is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>,-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkenyl,
           C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cyloalkyl,
           C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenylcarbonyl,
           C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylcarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cyloalkylcarbonyl,
           C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyloxycarbonyl,
           C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyloxycarbonyl,
           (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkylthio)carbonyl,
           C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl,
           C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenylaminocarbonyl,
           C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylaminocarbonyl,
           N, N-di-(C_1-C_6-alkyl)aminocarbonyl,
           N-(C_3-C_6-alkenyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl) aminocarbonyl,
           N-(C_3-C_6-alkynyl)-N-(C_1-C_6-alkyl) aminocarbonyl,
           N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy)-
           N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl) aminocarbonyl, N-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl)-
           N-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy) aminocarbonyl, N-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl)-
           N-(C_1-C_6-alkoxy) aminocarbonyl, di-(C_1-C_6-alkyl)-
           aminothiocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,
           C_1-C_6-alkoxyimino-C_1-C_6-alkyl,
           N-(C_1-C_6-alkylamino) imino-C_1-C_6-alkyl or
           N,N-di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino)imino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, it being possible for
           the above-mentioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxy radicals to be partially or
```

fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following groups: cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 - alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)amino- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 alkylaminocarbonyl, di-(C₁-C₄-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₄alkylcarbonyloxy or C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl; phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenylcarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenoxycarbonyl, phenoxythiocarbonyl, phenoxy-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, N-(C₁-C₆-alkyl)-N-(phenyl)aminocarbonyl, or phenyl-C₂-C₆-alkenylcarbonyl, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the 10 last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, heterocyclyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, phenylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, phenylcarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, phenoxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, phenoxythiocarbonyl, heterocyclyloxythiocarbonyl, phenoxy-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, heterocyclyloxy-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, N-(C₁-C₆alkyl)-N-(phenyl)aminocarbonyl, heterocyclylaminocarbonyl, N-(C₁-C₆alkyl)-N-(heterocyclyl)aminocarbonyl, phenyl-G₂-G₆-alkenylcarbonyl or heterocyclyl-C₂-C₆-alkenylcarbonyl, it being possible for the phenyl and the heterocyclyl radical of the 20 last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -halogenalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

 R^8 , R^9 are C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkoxy, amino, C_1 -

 C_6 -alkylamino, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylamino, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)amino or di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -haloalkyl)amino, it being possible for the abovementioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxy radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following groups: cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 - alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)amino- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkylcarbonyloxy or C_3 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyloxy or C_3 -cycloalkyl; phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy

radical of the last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, phenoxy, heterocyclyloxy, it being possible for the phenyl and the heterocyclyl radical of the last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyloxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)amino or C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonylamino, it being possible for the abovementioned alkyl, cycloalkyl and alkoxy radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three radicals from the following group:

cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, di- $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -

alkoxycarbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)amino- C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylaminocarbonyl, di-(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylcarbonyloxy or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl;

phenyl, or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the two last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: phenyl, heterocyclyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, it being possible for the phenyl or heterocyclyl radical of the four last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;

 R^{11} , R^{12} are C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl;

I is 0 to 6;

m is 2 to 4;

n is 1 to 5;

p is 2 to 5;

and their agriculturally useful salts.

- 15. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 14, where
 - R¹ is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, heterocyclyloxy or phenylthio, it being possible for the two last-mentioned radicals to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry <u>one to two one to three</u> of the substituents mentioned below: nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

is halogen, OR⁷, SR⁷, SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, OSO₂R⁸, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹

OPSR⁸R⁹, NR¹⁰R¹¹ or N-bonded heterocyclyl which is unsubstituted or partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three of the following radicals:

nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy.

- 16. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 14, where
 - is halogen, OR⁷, NR¹⁰R¹¹ or N-bonded heterocyclyl which is unsubstituted or partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three of the following radicals:

 nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-
- 17. (currently amended) A cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 14, where
 - R^7 is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, $(C_1$ - C_{20} -alkylthio)carbonyl, N_1 -di- $(C_1$ - C_6 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, phenyl, phenylcarbonyl or phenoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, it being possible for the phenyl radical of the three last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to carry one to three of the following radicals: nitro, cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy;
 - R^{10} is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy;
 - R^{11} is C_1 - G_6 -alkyl.

haloalkoxy.

18. (previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 14 where R⁵ = halogen, which comprises reacting a cyclohexanedione derivative of the formula III,

where the variables R¹ to R³, and I are each as defined in claim 14, with a halogenating agent.

19. (previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 14 where R⁵ = OR⁷, OSO₂R⁸, OPR⁸R⁹, OPOR⁸R⁹ or OPSR⁸R⁹, which comprises reacting a cyclohexanedione derivative of the formula III,

$$(R^6)_1$$
 R^3
 R^7
 R^7
 R^7

where the variables R^1 to R^3 , and I are each as defined in claim 14, with a compound of the formula $IV\alpha$, $IV\beta$, $IV\gamma$, $Iv\delta$ or $IV\varepsilon$,

$$L^1-R^7$$
 L^1-SO_2 R^8 $L^1-PR^8R^9$ $L^1-POR^8R^9$ $L^1-PSR^8R^9$ (IV α) (IV β) (IV γ) (IV δ) (IV ϵ)

where the variables R^7 to R^9 are each as defined in claim 14 and L^1 is a nucleophilically replaceable leaving group.

20. (currently amended) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed

in claim 14 where $R^5 = OR^7$, SR^7 , POR^8R^9 , $NR^{10}R^{11}$, $ONR^{11}R^{12}$, or N-linked heterocyclyl or O-(N-linked heterocyclyl), which comprises reacting a compound of the formula I α (\equiv I where $R^5 =$ halogen, OSO_2R^8),

$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{R^3} R^2$$
and/or
$$(R^6)_1 \xrightarrow{R^5} R^3$$

I where R5= halogen or OSO₂R8

$$HOR^7$$
 HSR^7 $HPOR^8R^9$ $HNR^{10}R^{11}$ $HONR^{11}R^{12}$ $(Vα)$ $(Vβ)$ $(Vγ)$ $(Vδ)$ $(Vε)$ $H(N-linked$ $H(ON-linked$ $heterocyclyl)$ $Vη$ $Vθ$

where the variables R^7 to R^{12} are each as defined in claim 14, if appropriate in the presence of a base.

21. (previously presented) A process for preparing compounds of the formula I as claimed in claim 14 where $R^5 = SOR^8$, SO_2R^8 , which comprises reacting a compound of the formula I β (\equiv I where $R^5 = SR^8$),

$$(R^6)_1 + R^5$$
and/or
$$(R^6)_1 + R^5$$

$$(R^6)_1 + R^5$$

I where R5= SR8

where the variables R¹ to R⁵, R⁷, R⁸ and I are each as defined in claim 14, with an oxidizing agent.

- 22. (currently amended) A composition, comprising a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I as claimed in claim 14 and conventional crop protection formulation auxiliaries which are conventionally used for formulating crop protection agents.
- 23. (currently amended) A process for preparing a composition as claimed in claim 22, which comprises mixing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I and conventional crop protection formulation auxiliaries which are conventionally used for formulating crop protection agents.
- 24. (previously presented) A method for controlling undesirable vegetation, which comprises allowing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one cyclohexenonequinolinoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of formula I as claimed in claim 14 to act on plants, their habitat and/or on seeds.

25. (canceled)